

Engineering Science

Energy Revision

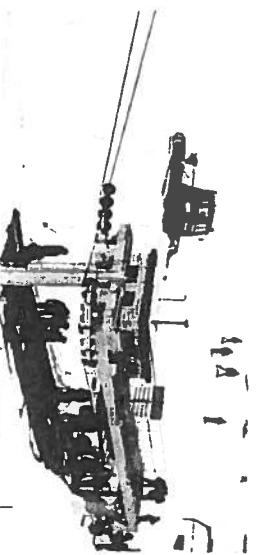
Name:-

Class Teacher:-

Date:-

National 4 Questions

- 1 An electric motor is used to drive a ski tow.



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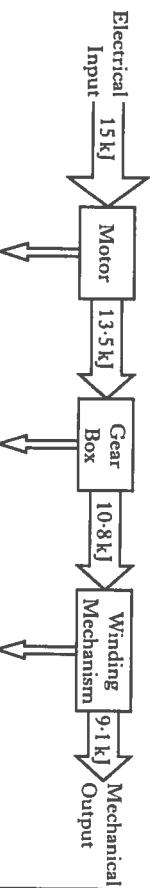
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7 (continued)

- (c) Explain why it is important to make systems as efficient as possible.

Electrical energy can be generated from a variety of different sources.

- (a) Complete the energy audit below.



- (b) Calculate the **total energy loss** in the ski tow.

Total energy loss = _____ kJ

- (c) Complete the following sentence using the list of phrases given.

Input energy *Lost energy* *Output energy*

"Because the _____ is always greater than the _____ the efficiency will always be less than 100%."

A local hydro electric power plant provides the energy for the ski tow. Hydro electricity is one example of renewable energy.

- (d) State three other examples of **renewable energy**.

- 1 _____
2 _____
3 _____

3
2
1
0

0
1
2
3

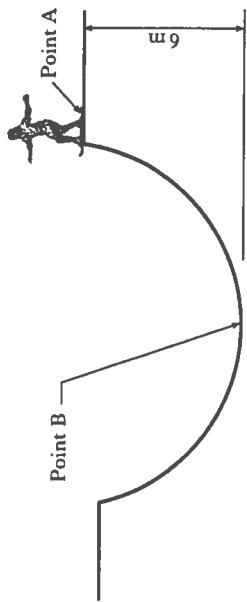
0
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3

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- 2** A snowboarder of mass 65kg is standing at point A on a half pipe.



- (a) Calculate the potential energy of the snowboarder at point A.

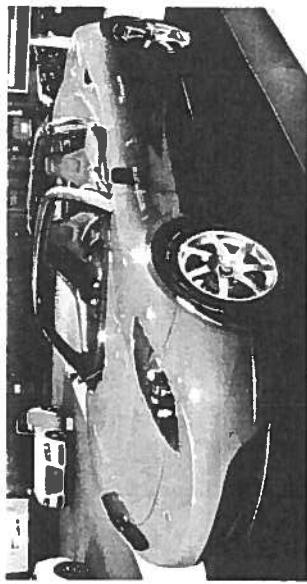
The snowboarder is travelling at 10m/s when he reaches point B.

- (b) Calculate the kinetic energy of the snowboarder at point B.

- (c) Complete the table below to indicate (✓) whether each listed energy source is renewable or non-renewable.

Energy source	Energy type	
	<u>Renewable</u>	<u>Non-renewable</u>
Wind		
Coal		
Gas		
Bio-mass		
Wave		

- 7** A car manufacturer has produced an electric sports car.



The car's batteries are charged for 20 minutes from a 120V supply providing 7A.

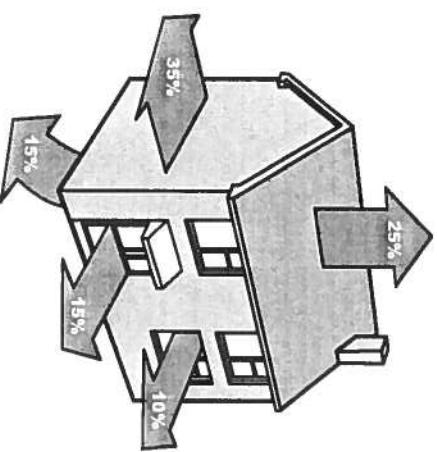
- (a) Calculate the electrical energy supplied.

The batteries provide 23kW but the electric motor only produces 17.8kW of useful output power.

- (b) (i) Calculate the efficiency of the electric motor.

- (ii) Explain why the electric motor is not 100% efficient.

3 The diagram below shows all the ways in which heat is lost from a house.



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6 (continued)

- (c) Geothermal is a source of renewable energy. State two other examples of a renewable energy source.

1 _____
2 _____

- (d) State two disadvantages of using fossil fuels, other than cost.

1 _____
2 _____

- (e) State two ways that energy can be conserved in the home.

1 _____
2 _____

- (a) State two methods of reducing energy loss within the house.

1 _____
2 _____

- (b) Complete the energy conversion statements for each of the given products to show the main input and output energy using the list below.

<i>Potential</i>	<i>Kinetic</i>	<i>Heat</i>	<i>Chemical</i>	<i>Electrical</i>
<i>Nuclear</i>	<i>Sound</i>	<i>Light</i>	<i>Magnetic</i>	

- (i) Gas cooker

_____ energy is converted to _____ energy.

- (ii) A wind-up radio
_____ energy is converted to _____ energy.

(iii) Washing machine
_____ energy is converted to _____ energy.

Wind is a renewable energy source used to generate electricity.

- (c) State two other sources of renewable energy.

1 _____
2 _____

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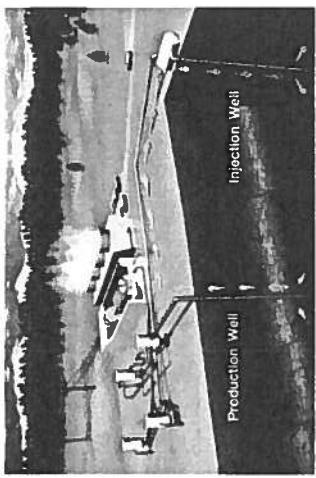
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National 5 Questions

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- 6** A geothermal power plant uses the heat in the earth to help produce electricity.



- (a) Calculate the heat energy absorbed by 100 litres of water which is pumped into the earth at 10°C and comes out as steam at 240°C . (1 litre of water has a mass of 1 kg.)

3
2
1
0

- (b) For every 15 MJ of heat energy that comes from the ground, the power plant produces 5.34 MJ of electricity.

- (i) Calculate the efficiency of the power plant.

- (ii) Explain why the power plant will not be 100% efficient.

- 4** Electricity can be generated from both finite and renewable sources.

The Government is promoting the use of renewable sources such as tidal, solar and wind.

- (a) Explain one disadvantage which must be considered when using each of these sources. Each disadvantage may be used only once.

KU	RNA
Tidal	3 2 1 0
Solar	2 1 0
Wind	1 0
(b) State two other examples of renewable energy sources.	1 2 0
(c) State two examples of finite energy sources.	1 2 0

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KU	RNA
Tidal	3 2 1 0
Solar	2 1 0
Wind	1 0
(b) State two other examples of renewable energy sources.	1 2 0
(c) State two examples of finite energy sources.	1 2 0

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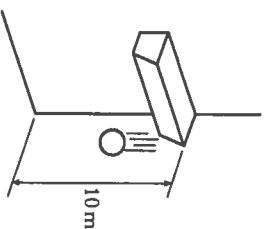
- (a) Explain one disadvantage which must be considered when using each of these sources. Each disadvantage may be used only once.

KU	RNA
Tidal	3 2 1 0
Solar	2 1 0
Wind	1 0
(b) State two other examples of renewable energy sources.	1 2 0
(c) State two examples of finite energy sources.	1 2 0

5 A 0.7 kg ball is dropped from a 10 m high balcony.

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(a) Calculate, showing all working and units:

(i) the potential energy of the ball at the balcony;

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2
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0

(ii) the maximum velocity of the ball.

(Assume that all E_p is converted into E_k .)

(b) When the ball bounces, it does not reach its original height.

State the two main forms of energy which are lost when the ball bounces.

- (i) _____
(ii) _____

2
1
0

5 (continued)

Renewable energy can be generated from a number of different sources.

(c) State one disadvantage for each of the following renewable sources.
(Give a different disadvantage for each source.)

Tidal _____

Wave _____

Wind _____

Solar _____

2
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